



# Young lady... Diabetes cured ...Blessed to help

**MODERN**  
Diagnostic & Research Centre  
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144%

Visit ID : MYAM57971	Registration : 31/May/2023
UHID/MR No : AYAM.0000057823	Collected : 31/May/2023
Patient Name : Mrs.CHARU GARG	Received : 31/May/2023
Age/Gender : 35 Y 0 M 0 D /F	Reported : 31/May/2023
Ref Doctor : Dr.SELF	Status :
Client Name : STANDARD - YAMUNANAGAR WALKIN	Client Code : 711
Client Add :	Barcode No : 20594955

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range
DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY			
HBATc			
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA			
HBATc	6.5	%	Normal Glucose tolerance diabetic): <5.6%-Pre-dial 5.7 ->4%-Diabetic Mellii >6.5%
ESTIMATED AVG. GLUCOSE	139.85	mg/dl	

**COMMENTS**  
HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

**INTERPRETATION :**  
As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)

Reference Group	Hba1c in %
Non diabetic adults > =18 years	< 5.7
At risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 - 6.4
Diagnosing Diabetes	> = 6.5

Therapeutic goals for glycemic control

- Age > 19 years
- Goal of therapy: < 7.0
- Action suggested: > 8.0
- Age < 19 Years
- Goal of therapy : < 7.5

**INCREASED IN**

- Chronic renal failure with or without hemodialysis.
- Iron deficiency anemia. Increased serum triglycerides.
- Alcohol.

**DECREASED IN**

- Shortened RBC life span (hemolytic anemia, blood loss), Pregnancy.
- Ingestion of large amounts (> 1g/day) of vitamin C or E.
- Hemoglobinopathies (e.g. : spherocytes) produce variable increase or decrease.
- Results of %HbA1c are not reliable in patients with chronic blood loss and consequent variable

**Note:**

- Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic patient now poorly controlled.
- Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life & significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*Jasveen*  
Dr. Jasveen Nanda  
Consultant Pathologist

## Report BEFORE Treatment

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Visit ID : MYAMB2505	Registration : 18/Oct/21
UHID/MR No : AYAM.0000082036	Collected : 18/Oct/21
Patient Name : Mrs.CHARU	Received : 18/Oct/21
Age/Gender : 36 Y 0 M 0 D /F	Reported :
Ref Doctor : Dr.SELF	Status : Final Rep
Client Name : STANDARD - YAMUNANAGAR WALKIN	Client Code : 711
Client Add :	Barcode No : 20794721

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Ran
DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY			
LAB PACKAGE III WITH VITAMINS			
HBATc			
Sample Type : WHOLE BLOOD EDTA			
HBATc	4.3	%	Normal Glucose toler diabetic): <5.6%-Pre 5.7-6.4%-Diabetic I >6.5%
ESTIMATED AVG. GLUCOSE	76.71	mg/dl	

**COMMENTS**  
HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

**INTERPRETATION :**  
As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)

Reference Group	Hba1c in %
Non diabetic adults > =18 years	< 5.7
At risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 - 6.4
Diagnosing Diabetes	> = 6.5

Therapeutic goals for glycemic control

- Age > 19 years
- Goal of therapy: < 7.0
- Action suggested: > 8.0
- Age < 19 Years
- Goal of therapy : < 7.5

**INCREASED IN**

- Chronic renal failure with or without hemodialysis.
- Iron deficiency anemia. Increased serum triglycerides.
- Alcohol.
- Salicylate treatment.

**DECREASED IN**

- Shortened RBC life span (hemolytic anemia, blood loss), Pregnancy.
- Ingestion of large amounts (> 1g/day) of vitamin C or E.
- Hemoglobinopathies (e.g. : spherocytes) produce variable increase or decrease.
- Results of %HbA1c are not reliable in patients with chronic blood loss and consequent vari

**Note:**

- Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic patient now poorly controlled.
- Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate

## Report AFTER Treatment

True untouched reports of our patient before and after starting medicines..



### MAJOR IMPROVEMENT IN 15 DAYS TIME

**Dr. Sunil Khurana**

Homeopathic Physician, B.H.M.S. (Chandigarh), C.H.S.M. (Punjab)

**Dr. Gunjan G. Khurana**

Homeopathic Physician & Counsellor, B.H.M.S. (Gold Medalist)



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